(12)

Europäisches Patentamt European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



FP 1 080 664 A1

FUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION aublished in accordance with Art, 158(3) EPC

(43) Date of publication:

67.63.2681 Halletin 2001/18

(21) Application number: 99921251.7

(22) Date of filing: 24.65.1999

(51) Int. Ct. - A46B 13/04, B08B 1/04, B088 7/04

(86) International application number PCT/JP99/02725

(87) International publication number WO 99/80888 (02.12.1999 Gazette 1999/48)

(84) Designated Contracting States:

(30) Priority: 22,66,1998 JP 14166898

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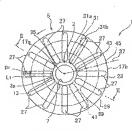
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#### (54) CLEANING ROTARY BRUSH

(57) A descring rotary brush 1 comprises a hard base 3 mounted to a rolary shaft and a plurality of ridoard projections 27 formed on and projecting from the working surface of the base 3, the tops of said ridged projections 27 in contact with an object to be cleaned while rotating in substantially the same plane. The ridged projections 27 are made of a polyvinyl acetal porous elestomer and disposed continually on a plurality of phantom setting lines 31 extending from inner neterence points 31a on the side of the center of rotation 35 of the working surface to outer reference points 31b.

on the side of the outer periphery 17b of the working surface. The tenoth £1 in a longitudrual direction of said ridged projections 27 is made longer than the length 01 in a widthwise direction of the ridged projections 27. Thus, the speri cleaning liquid containing dirt or partcles scrubbed from the partion to be cleaned a puried by the ridged projections 27, led adequately to outer reference points 31b, and rapidly drained off to the outside of the system.





#### Description

### FIELD OF TECHNOLOGY

[6001] The present invention relates to a rotary brush suitable for a minute observing in a process of the production of smides, for which extremely high surface accuracy and disarrises are required, for example, electronics components, such as fallow weller, photo masks, magnetic disk substrating, glass substrates for liquid or yatel, in particular, to a lotary brush suitable for a brush scribbing cleaning.

## # BACKGROUND OF TECHNOLOGY

[9002] There has been remarkably improved in the accuracy of various articles an electronics industry during recent years, as a represented, for example, by the degree of integrity of a silcon valent on the recording density on an angular disks, and accordingly there have been great demends for the finishing accuracy of the surface of components and cleanness. Usepositin, chemical contamination or adherived particles on the surface of components outdriven a great effect on the yield or the reliability of the operation of the products, and therefore the significance of the messive cleaning in a process of production is great.

[0003] The wet brush scrubbing method was known as the conventional method for the minute cleaning, in the brush sorpioling method, a relating brush a forced against an object to be cleaned white surub-describing a with water or other cleaning liquid hearg supplied, and the method is widely used, since the construction of the appearatus is simple and the cleaning code is low, and if althows an excellent cleaning power.

[9904] There are two types of shape of the brush, a roller type and our type, used for the brush scribbling cleaning. The roller type brush makes a line contact whereas the our type brush makes a plane contact. The cup type brush therefore has advantages of a broader contact area and less cleaning spots as compared with the roller type.

28 [9995] The cup type brush as commonly used has a brush body of a circular disk on which a plurality of synthetic fiber monofilements is planted or nonwoven fabrics are bonded.

[9086] However, the cup brush which employs synthetic filter monofisaments or nonwoven fabrics would possibly cause other troubles that there were scratches on the surface of an object to be cleaned due to the stiffness of the fiber and the contempration by the fiber coming off, or the like.

30 [0007] With regard to the troubles, there was made a proposal of a cleaning rotary braith using opirathical projections of a polyhymyl acetal forecautifier referred to an PAVA) electioner as a contact portion with an object to be observed (Japanese Utility Monder Publisation No. SHO-04-6973). The FVAX electioner has excellent water-holding and observed resistance properties and almost proper disclosers in the properties and starting the starting that starting the starting that starting the starting that starting the starting that starting the properties and an object to the properties and and the starting of electronics components, since it hardly makes scratches on an object to the cleaning of electronics components, since it hardly makes scratches on an object to the properties of the

[0008] In the cup brush, the dirt or particles sarubbed from the surface of an object to be cleaned move together with the spirit cleaning liquid over the surface of an object to be cleaned to the cutter periphery thereof, and are ultimately drawed off to the outside the system.

[0099] Although the conventional ratery trush using PVAI parous elastoner described above was constructed barlog into condeteration his flow of the spens clearing field over the surface of an object to be cleaned, a could not flay,
meet the increased requirements of the latest manute cleaning in other words, the spens cleaning legist containing out
or particles reside uniessessing on the surface of an object to be cleaned, and there could be a presability of the recotermination on the surface of an object to be cleaned of the dist or particles resident for a longer time, and therefore, it
was demanded that the city, and the like serubbed from the surface of an object to be cleaned should be quickly drained
off to the outside of the system and the occurrence of such recombarraination should be reduced further.

[6010] Moreover, in case of the residing particles being hard materials such as girt, when the residing particles are lorded against the surface of an object to be cleaned, there could be screaches made by the particles on the surface of the object to be cleaned. Since the PVM procus electioner in condex with the surface of the object to be offered in few object to the cleaned. Since the PVM procus electioner in condex with the surface of the object to be offered in the conventional rotary brush as described above, such undearable matter could be overcome to some entering.

so and however the listest increased requirements of the minute cleaning could not be met satisfactivity, and in this respect, it was castred that the residing particles, and the like could be quickly dismass off to the cuitable of the specific particles. (B011) In view of the circumstances discussed above, the pursent invention has been made, and the object is to provide a clienting colary breat which can dism off the particles sorbibed from an object to be cliented quickly to the custod of the system and has not receified relearing efficiency.

# DISCLOSURE OF INVENTION

40

[6812] In order to achieve the objects mentioned above, in the first embodiment of the present invention, a descring

rotary trucis is provided with a hard base, when mounted to a rotary shaft, having a rotating working surface oppositing a printing to be cleaning, manifers desposed on and projecting from the working surface, the tops of said cleaning members being in content with said portion to be cleaned while rotating in substantially the same plane, characterized in that said cleaning members made of a polyviny acetal portion statement and comprising a plurality of ridged projections personated contentingly on a plurately of plantions estingling lines actually from liver reference points on this side of the center of rotation of the working surface to older reference points on the side of the center of rotation of the working surface. The working surface is the cleaning said planting surface to other reference points on the side of the collection of the working surface of the collection of the working surface to the collection of the working surface to the reference points on the side of the collection of the working surface that the reference points on the side of the collection of the working surface, and the length in a violence direction of the ridged projections along that the length is a widening admission of the ridged projections.

[0013] In the first embodiment, the inter reference point may be disposed further inside the wave circle of the two concentric curdes which trised the distance between the intersections of a line passing through the benier of rulation with the invertional and outermost edges of the sheet, and the outer reference point may be disposed further outside the outer circle of the two circles.

[0014] Incidentally, the inner reference point may be disposed adjacent to the innermost edge of the sheet, and the outer reference point may be disposed adjacent to the outermost edge of the sheet.

5. (50.613) In the second embodiment of the present invention, a cleaning rotary brush is provided with a sheaf member mounted on and rotating in unity with a rotating sorthing surface apposite a portion to be cleaned and cleaning inventions disposed on and projecting from the sheaf member, the tops of said cleaning members totating in substantially the same plans while being in contact with the portion to be cleaned, characterized in that said cleaning members being made of a polyvinyl scatal process elasioner and comprising a plurality of neglect projections positioned continuativ on 20 a plurality of phantom setting lines extending from times reference points on the side of the order of rotation of the sheat member to cutal inference points on the side of the other contact and the fongth in a longitudinal disease of said rotated projections along said pluration setting items target forms storget them the length in a storgeturinal disease on days of said rotated projections along said plantom setting items target forms storget them the length in a storgeturinal disease.

wise direction of the ridged projections.

[BD18] In the second enroblement, the inver reference point may be disposed further visible the inver circle of the 20 Mos concentric pictics which trisect the distance between the intersections of a line passing shrough the center of reference points in meanment and outstmost ecloser of the sheet remarks and the outside reference point may be discoved furties.

ther outside the outer direle of the two circles.

[9017] Furthermore, the inner reference point may be disposed adjacent to the innermost edge of the sheet member, set no outer reference point may be disposed adjacent to the outer reference point may be disposed adjacent to the outermost edge of the sheet member.

100 (0018) Incidentally, the sheet member and ridged projections may also be made in unity of a polyvinyl acetal porous

clistomer
[0019] Besides, in the first or second embodiment, the ridged projections may be formed integrally and obvilinually
for each of the phartons setting lines. Incidentally, the length in a langitudinal direction of the ridged projections may be
formed more hand causal to losise the length in a widthwise direction.

(0020) Furthermore, the length in a widthwise direction of the hidged projections may be formed sarying with the position on the phonton setting line. The third embodament of the present invention is characterized in that the phanton sating films are generally a strught line in the cleaning rotary trush of the first or second embodament.

[0621] The fourth embodiment of the present invention is characterized in that the phantom setting lines are at a start to a line passing through the center of rotation in the cleaning rotary brush of the third embodiment

40 [0022] In the tourth embodiment, the pressing angle between the phantom setting line and the line passing through the center of rotation and a midpoint that bisects the distance between the inner and outer reference points of the phantom setting line may be limited to a prisper of 1% o 45°.

[0023] Sepides, the phantom setting lines may be all set at a stant backward in a direction of the rotation of the base or shard manths.

45 [0024] In the lifth embodiment of the present invention, the casaring rotary brush of the first or second embodiment is characterized in that the phantom safety bras are curvilinear.

[9028] In the solds embodiment of the present invention, the cleaning rotary brush of this fifth embodiment is charadverted in that the phenoins reiting lines are a curve protucting in one direction, and a langest to the promoter setting time as a mispions which beared the length science his phashous setting line between the invoice and dutie reference parts.

90 is at a start with respect to a line passing through the center of rotation and midpoint. [9026] In this sixth embodiement, the crossing angle between the langent and the line passing through the midpoint and center of (datton may be limited to a range of more than 0" to 45".

[6027] Incidentally, the tangents to the respective curved lines at the melpoints may be all set at a stars backwards in a discriminal of rotation of the base or sheet member.

16 [9028] Moreover, all the curved lines may be made to protrude lowerds in a direction of the rotation of the base or the steed member.

[9928] In the several embodiment of the present invention, the cleaning coary brush at the fifth or such embodiment is characterized in the the physican setting lines are a curved line protuding in one direction, and the crossing

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angle between a line passing through the center of rotation and an arbitrary point on the pharison setting line and a rangent to the curved face at the arbitrary point approaches 50° as the arbitrary point goes away from the center of rotation. [0030] In the severth embodiment, the crossing angle may be changed in a range of 0° to 45°.

[9831] When a portion to be cleaned is cleaned using the cleaning rotary brush of each of the embodiments dissussed above, the ridged projections roteling at a high speed by the rotating shaft are forced against the portion to be cleaned at the seme time water or shar cleaning liquid is supplied over the portion to be cleaned. By slong this the portion to be cleaned as scrub-cleaned effectively by means of the ridged projections made of PVAt porous effactories. Then, the det or particles succibed from the portion to be cleaned move together with the spent claiming liquid to the ourse printitivers side and are finally ideated of to qualified the system.

(70032) At this time, as the ridged projections continually artend from the inner reference points on the side of the center of rotation of the venting surface or sheet member to the outer reference points on the side of the context periods, the specification of the venting surface or sheet member to the outer referrence points of the outer to the celebrate december of centering the portion to be cleared receives a context of the portion of the celebrate december of the outer referrence points. Thus, the spent cleaning liquid is rapidly drained off to the outer and the residence time of the dirt or particles are remarkably reduced and the residence time of the dirt or particles are remarkably reduced.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

### (0033)

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.88

20 Figure 1 shows a plan view of a cleaning rotary brush of the first embodiment in accordance with the present inven-

Figure 2 shows a sectional view taken on line II-II of Figure 1.

Figure 3 shows a plan yiew of a cleaning rotary brush of the second embodiment in accordance with the present

29 Figure 4 shows a plan view of a cleaning resary brush of the third embodiment in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 5 shows a plan view of a cleaning rotary brush of the fourth embodiment in accordance with the present invention

Figure 6 shows a plan view of a cleaning rolary brush of the fifth embodiment in accordance with the present inven-

Figure 7 shows a plan view of a cleaning rotary broath of the sixth embodiment in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 8 shows further a plan view of a cleaning rotary brush of the seventh embodiment in accordance with the present invention.

Figure 9 is an enlarged view of the essential portion in Figure. 8.

Figure 10 also shows a plan view of a sample for comparison.

# THE BEST MODE OF THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE PRESENT INVENTION

io [0034] The first embodiment of the present invertion will be described hereinafter in connection with Figures 1 and

[9035] Figure 1 shows a plan view of a cleaning rotary brush of the first embodiment, and Figure 2 shows a cross sectional view taken on fine fi-til of Figure 1.

[0038] As shown in Figures 1 and 2, a rotary brush 1 is provided with a hard base 3 made of generally a circular disk like shaped must or reson and a brush body 5 attached to the base 3.

[8837] Base 3 has a crouter hale 7 formed about its center. The hase 3 is defectively feateried to an end surface se of a rotary shall 9 with a both 11 being inserted through the circular hole? 7 and is orbiting together with the critery shall 9 Peripheral portions 13, 16 of the circular hole? of the form side 3e and back side 36 of the hollow disk like base 3 and sepectively on both 13 and rotary shall 9. Outer portions of the first side 3e and back side 36 of the base 3 out.

a vide the pumpheral portions 13, 15 of clicular hole 7 form doughturd surface shaped working surfaces 17, 19 rotating in substantially the same plane with the base 3 attached to the rotary shaft 9, As shown in Figure 2, when hours 3 is staticled to the rotary shaft 9, the working surface 17 of the first side 3s is placed opposed the surface of an object to be cleaned 21, and when the base 3 is attached to the rotary shaft 9 in revenee with that shown in Figure 2, the working surface 19 of the back size 3 or placed opposed the twisters of an object to be cleaned 21.

10 [8038] The brush body 5 comprises two thin disk like sheets 23, 25 of the same shape, a plurality (12 in number in the present embodiment) of hidged projections 27 projecting as cleaning members from the comparties eliminal 23, 25, and a side edge portion 29 commoding the outer peripheral portions of both sheets 23, 25 together throughout the entire curron-varies. Both sheets thembers 23, 25, tidged projections 27, and side edge portion 29 are integrally formed of a

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polyvinyt acetal (PVAt) porous slestomer, which is electic in wet condition.

19039. One of the elhests 23 covers the working surface 17 of the front side 3e and the other sheet 25 covers the working surface 19 of the back side 3h of the bace 3, and the side edge 29 covers the peripheral vade edge of the base 3. Ridged projections 27 each are placed continuely on one of the planet (12 in number) phasions return james 30 which extend strength from an inner reference point 3 to on the side of the center of orbiton 95 of the working surface 17 and the sheet 23 up to an outer reference point 3 to on the side of the periphery of the working surface 17 and sheet 23 trableresty, with regard to the working surface 19, loo, ridged projections 27 are placed continuely on phasicon setting lines, which are set in the same manner as the working surface 17, and the shape thereof a bits same as that of the ridded orpositions 27 on the working surface.

10 [8040] The phentom setting lines 31 pass through the center of noticen 35 of the swriking surface 17 and sheel 23, and the in studie lines which chiefe the crounference enrund the center of noticen 35 into revolve equal sections. The reference point 31s is set father inside an inverticate 35 of two concentric circles 39, 41 (returned hereinalist to as with energy concentric circles 34 and 45 of lines 37 passing through the center of notation 35 respectively with the inner severent the interrections 43 and 45 of lines 37 passing through the center of notation 35 respectively with the inner severent the interrections dept 17s of the working surface 17. The outer reference point 31b is set further outside the outer circle 41 of the two reference oncentric circles 39, 41 and adjacent to the outer most adjec 17b of the working surface.

[D041] Incidentally, the inner reference point 31s may be set further inside the time circle of the two concentric circles which trisect the distance between the intersections of lines 37 pessing through the center of rolation 35 respectively with the innermost edge 25s and obtaining the degree of the set of the sheet 25, and the outer reference point 31b may be set further outsets the outer circle of the two circles. However or the present embodiment the innermost edge 25s and oddernost edge 25s of the sheet 3 are located respectively nearly shows the innermost edge 37s and outermost edge 25s of the sheet 3 are located respectively nearly shows the innermost edge 37s and outermost edge 17s of the working surface 17s, and therefore two concentric circles based on the sheet 25 are substantially in agreement with the two reference concentric circles 39, 41 on the working surface 17s.

19042] The ridged projections 27 are formed generally elliptical in a plane view, generally semi-circle in cross-section in a wridthwise direction, and generally rentangular in pross-section in a longitudinal direction, and the first opposite the britten filter of the cross-section in a longitudinal direction form the tops which are in contact with this surface of an object to be cleaned.

[0043] Each of the ridged projections 27 is formed with a length. L1, in a langulatinal discrion along the phartom setting line (the length of the hyartom setting line (as 1) being longer than a length, D1, II in a width-wise direction periodicular to the phartom setting film 31. The ridged projections 27 each are generally at the same neight in projection, as the tops of the hidged projections 27 come into contact with this surface of an object to be cleared 21 writis retaining subsearcisity in the same plane. In view of clearing afficiency, length, L1, in a langulatinal direction is preferably more than twice the length D1 in a widthwate direction (L1 > 2\*D1), the length D1 in a widthwate direction is preferably more target of 12.00 h 170 of the diameter of the working sheet 17 or sheet 23, and the height 15 of the ridged projections 27 is preferably less than or equal to the length D1 in a widthwate office clone, and however these values should not be limited to those canges inducted above.

[1044] Indicatedly, if in the working sheet 17 or sheet 23 here is a big difference between the area where are formed the nighed projections in contact with the surface of an object to be cleaned and the area of the fills portions over which cleaning helpfollows, a cleaning efficiency could be lineer, in this regard, the entire area where at the rigged projections 27 occupy compared to the whole area of the working sheet 17 or sheet 23 is preferrably more than or equal to 25 % and less than or equal to 100 %, and is more preferrably more than 100 % and less than or equal to 100%. [100,00] for a method for preparing PVAI porous elusionner, one or more sorts of polyinyl alphotoris harding everage polymetrization degree of 300 ~ 2000 and a seponification degree of more than or equal to 80% are missed with a value of our softwing, to which are added altetrigides as a cross-tinking agent, mineral acid as catalyst, and standars as pore forming materials, and the missed epitician apposed into a given mole and reacted at a temperature of 50 ~ 20 °C, and then it is dearn out from the mole, and is should however not be limited to the method, incidentally after the completion of the reaction, PVAI porous elastioner is used offer it is taken out from the mole and rineed with pute water they of mounters such as contacting and an area of the state of the state and an area of the state of several and a supplied to the sheet and september of the valer.

20 [0648] In the present embodiment, while the base 3 is held in the moils in arbanour, the mixed solution is poured into the moild and rearded thereby forming integrally the base 3 and brush body 5. Thus the brush body 5 is held on the base 3 without using any advastive, or the life. Besides, the brush body 5 may be formed not hittegrally with the base 5, and instead one steep 23 and the other sheet 25 may be formed separately, for instance, and the respective sheets 23, 25 may be provided to the base 3 with an artificious or the life.

[0047] The PVAI purous elasioner prepared by the meltinal monitoned above is hardened in dry conditions and suftened in well conditions. Additionally it shows excellent absorption and water-holding properties, describe Sext-Misy and moderate reculates elasticity in well conditions, and excellent described resistance.

[0048] Furthermore, PVAt porous elestomer forming the brush body 5 has preferably a porosity of 50 % to 95 %.

an average pore diameter of 30×in to 250 ×m, and 30 % compressive stress of 15 g/cm<sup>2</sup> – 150 g/cm<sup>2</sup> when containing 250 % – 400 % of water relative to dry weight (triss consistion is referred hereinsiter to as an adequate water containing condition) of the pocosity is less than 80 %, the featility is sushfitten if a west state, and if the provider, a since team 50 %, the practicul strength is week, and in any of the cases, it is not sustable for use or cleaning. Moreover, if the divertigation of the case is the state of the case is the case of the cas

[0049] The pomasty is defined herein as the value being calculated by following equation (1) followed by a measurement, using a liftytype automatic densimeter, of a rectangular solid of PVAs provise leastoner, which was fully dired up with a dryer to obtain an apparent volume and absolute volume of the rectangular solid.

[0050] The everage pore diameter is the value determined by a mercury-injection pore measurement using a marcury percurrenter manufactured by PORUS MATERIALS, INC.

[0051] Inodentally, the value of 30 % compressive stress is determined by setting FVMt procus elastomer in an adequate valet containing condition in a digital load gauge with a fund being applied upon this entitle end surface, measuring the load when compressed by 30 %, and deliding the measured load by the area of the end surface.

10.052] Airol the operation of the present embodiment will be described When the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 at clearned with rotary brush 1, ridged projections 27 rotating at a high speed by rotary shall 3 are present 32 against the to be cleaned 21 at rotary brush 1, ridged projections 27 rotating at a high speed by rotary shall 3 are present 32. Thus the enture region of the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 is snowbolkered by the ridged projections 27 made of PVID promose disestemer. Then did or particles scrubbed from the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 to move over the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 together with the spent cleaning liquid to its outer periphery and are family derivened off to the outside of the system (custed the surface of an object to be cleaned 21).

20 (0063) As that time, the speci cleaning liquid containing dint or particles simulated from the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 receives a centrifugal force and is guided by the rudget explications 27 and lead adequately to outer reference point 31s since the rudget dispedience 27 centifuely extend from inner reference point 31 and the side of the citation center 35 of working surface 17 and sheet 23 to outer reference point 31b on the side of the outer periphery. Thus, the specific decisioning fluid is equicity dishead off from the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 to the outeright of the system.

[064] Accordingly, recontamination on the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 of the dirt or particles in the spent cleaning liquid is surely prevented.

[0055] Furthermore, even if reading particles are hard material such as grif, the occurrence of scranches on the surface of an object to be cleaned 21 could be more reliably prevented.

(0056) As described above, with the rotary brush 1 in accordance with the present embodiment, duft, and the like scrubbed from the surface of an object to be eleaned can be quickly drained off to the outside of the system, and thus the rotary brush 1 is made to have more excellent cleaning efficiency.

[0057] Incidentally, in case where both the find and back surfaces of a flat object to be cleaned are weezed, but rotary brushes are positioned generally in parallel, between which the object to be cleaned are reproduced on the but the surfaces of an object to be cleaned are weshed simulationally. Further, a purelly of rotary brushes are positioned generally in parallel of a fixed interest, and a plurality of objects to be cleaned are interposed therebetween so that both surfaces of a number of objects to be cleaned on the swashed institutionation.

[0050] Following is the second embodiment to be described in connection with Figure 3 regules 3 as plan view of a cleaning rotary brish in accordance with the second embodiment. Incidentally, in the second through seven ambod—40 invents to be described harmenter, phashmate, phashma setting lines 33 entitler ridged projections 27 in the first embodiment are inciding in their speech, or other components are added, and therefore the components similar to those in the first embodiment are marked with like reference numbers, and the dedated described to be onlined.

[9658] As shown in Figure 3, broth body 49 of rothery brush 47 in accordance with the present embodishment in production with two separater ridgers projections an piece of the indiged projection 27 in the first embodishment. The two notiged conjections 51, 52 are constituting provided on each of the privation setting lines 31, and the length D2 in a wildherine direction of the ridged projection 53 in the side of the center of rotation 35 is formed shorter than the length D3 and width-wise direction of the outer ridged projection 53 in case of such separaters (indeed projections 51, 53 being used, as word continually more that a gap 6 in a length-clinic direction between the two ridged projections 91, 53 is set shelter than any of the lengths D2 and D3 in a wildhawse direction respectively of the ridged projections 51 and 53 such assets more, the lengths L2 and L3 in a longiturial direction respectively of the ridged projections 51 and 53 are made longer than the lengths D2 and D3 in a wildtwise direction, and the respective ranged projections 51, 53 are at substantially the same obscience healths.

[0060] Inner reference point 31s of the phantom setting line 31 in alignment with the unermost edge of the ridged

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projection 33 on the side of rotation center 35 is set further reside the inner circle 39 of the two reference concentrics unicles 38, 41 and is adjacent to the wnermost edge 17a of the working surface 17. Outer reference point 31b of the plantom setting limit 31 in alignment with the cuternost edge of the outer ringed projection 51 is set further outside the outer circle 41 of the two reference concentric circles 39, 41, and is adjacent to the outermost edge 17b of the working surface 17.

[8061] According to the present embodiment, in the same manner as the first embodiment, the spect cleaning liquid containing did or particles is guisted by the continually extending radged projections 51, 53 and led adequately to the outer reterence point 31b, and is repirity drained off to the outside of the system, and therefore it can provide a rotary broat 47 having more excellent cleaning efficiency.

- 19 (1998.2) Next, the third embodiment of the present invention will be described in connection with rigure 4. As shown in Figure 4, in the brush body 57 of a rotary brush 55 in accordance with the present embodiment, as phanton setting lines, every other lines of the thesis phanton setting lines 33 in the first embodiment, are unknown with the phanton setting lines 50 hexing a shorter length 1.4 (4.4.1.1), and religed projections 61, 63 have different lengths in a widthvise defection various with the position on the phanton setting lines 3. (3).
- 19 [8063] The phontom setting lines 31 and 59 are positioned alternately. The more reference point 59s of the phantom setting line 59 a positioned outward from the timer reference point 31s of the phantom setting line 31, and the outer reference point 31s.
- [1984] Additionally, the inner reference point 59s of the phantom setting line 59 is set further inverted from the siner curied 30 of the two reference concentric circles 36, 41, and the outer reference point 98b is set further outward from the outer cities 64.
- [1068] The Higged projections 63 are arranged on the phantom setting fixees 31 and formed with the widths being gradually broader as it is eway from the center of rotation 35, so that length D4 in a widthwise direction illustrant is a marintum at the inner reference point 31a and length D5 in a widthwise direction is a marintum of the occes reference point 35. Similarly, the ridged projections 63 are arranged on phantom setting lines 59 and facined with the widths being a radiually broader as it is every from the center of rotation 55, but length D6 in a widthwise chindon thereof a a min-
- graciously broader as it is every from the center of rotation 35, so that length C6 in a worthwest direction trainprof a a minimum at the inter reference point 36s and length D7 at a widthwest direction is examinate at the counter reference point 36s and lengths i.1., i.4 of the respective ridged projections are formed respectively longer than the minimum; lengths D4, D8, and the respective ridged projections 61, 63 are at substantially the same heights in projection.
- (9) 6066 In accordance with the present embodiment, in the same manner as the first embodiment, the spent descring sizure contening off or particles is quided by the positivately extending highed projections 61, 63 and is led adequately to the outer reference points 31b, 55b and is quickly drained off to the outside of the system, and therefore if can provide a ratery brush 55 having more excellent cleaning efficiency.
- [0647] Next, the louth embodiment of the present invention will be described in connection with Figure 5. Figure 5 is a plan view of a cleaning rotary brush in accordance with the fourth embodiment.
  - [0066] As shown in Figure 5, in the brush body 67 of a rotary brush 65 in accordance with the present embodiment, our ridged projections, positioned on every other line, of the twelve ridged projections 27 of the line embodiment are removed, and there are enranged a pixinsity of projections 69 in the shape of, for exempte, a cylinder, hemisphere, sto. instead of a ridged shape, on the sheets 23 between the remaining ridged projections 27.
- et [9968] That is, the cleaning mainters comprise the ridged projections 27 and projections 69.
  - [0070] According to the present embodiment, in addition to the cleaning effect due to the projections 63, the spent cleaning fixed it is quisted by the trigged projections 27 to be quickly drained off to the outside of the system, and therefore it can provide a rotary brush 65 having more excellent cleaning efficiency in the same manner as the fail embodiment (0071). Next, the fifth embodiment of the present invertion will be described in operation with Figure 8 Figure 8 is
- 4º a plen view of a cleaning rotary brush in eccordance with the fifth embodirient.
  [D072] As shown in Figure 9, the brush body 73 of a rotary brush 7 if in excoordance with the present embodiment is provided with digged projections 77 on twelve straight phantom setting lines 75 which are at a slant with respect to the lines beasting through the central of rotation 3.
- [8073] The inner reference points. The of the phantom setting inner 75 are set at regular intervals on the circumstructure around the center of notation 35. The sines reference points 75a are set further invarid from the inter-circle 30 of the two occentrics bicles 39, 41 and adjacent to the intermolet odge 17a of the working surface 17. The outer reference points 75b are set further outward from the outer circle 41 and adjacent to the nutermost edge 17b of the working surface 17.
- [0074] Crossing angle 31 between each of the phantom setting lines 75 and a line 79 is set at 30°, where the line 5° 79 passes through the center of rotation 35 and the malpoint 75c that bisects the distance between the street and outer reference points 75a and 75a of the phantom setting line 75. Incidentally, if the crossing angle 5° is in a range of 0° to 45°, it will be well.
  - (0075) The phenion: setting insex 75 are all at a stant beclowerd in a direction of the rotation of the base 5 and sharets

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(9076) Furthermore, the longitudinal length L8 of the ridged projections 77 along the pharmore setting line 75 is formed longer than the length OS in a widthness direction, and the ridged projections 77 sech are at substantially the same height to projection.

(9077) In accordance with the present embodiment, the spent cleaning floud is quided by the ridged projections 77 to be repully drained of to the obtade of the system in the same manner as the first embodiment, and therefore a can provide a retary busish 73 having more excellent cleaning efficiency. Next, the sixth embodiment of the present invention will be described in connection with Figure 7. Figure 7 is a plan view of a cleaning rotary busish in accordance with the sixth embodiment.

10 (9078) As shown in Figure 7, the brush body 83 of a rotary brush 81 in accordance with the present embodiment has much the same construction as the fifth embodiment except for the length of the phantom setting lines 85, the number of the lines, sort the samt angle.

[9079] Namely, the phantom setting lines 85 (diged projections 87) are ten in number, and crossing angle 92 between section fiftee phantom setting lines 85 and a line 80 is set at 45°, where the line 80 passes through the center of inclaims 35 and the midpoint 85c that bisenist the distance between the inner and outer reference points 85e and 85b of the phantom setting lines 85. The inner reference points 856 of the phantom setting lines 85 are set at regular intervals on the circumsference around the center of straight 35°. The inner reference points 85e are set attribute invent the inner circle 39 of the two concentric circles 39, 41 and adjacent to the innermal edge 17a of the working surface 17. The outer inference points 85b are set further cultural from the outer circle 41 of the two concentric circles 39, 41 and adjacent to the innermal edge 17a of the volume set for the volume of the projections of the set of the

[0880] The prishtom setting lines 85 are all equally at a sternt backward in a direction of the rotation of the base 3 and sheets 23. The longitudinal length 19 of the indiged projections 87 is formed longer than the length D3 in a widthwise direction, and the rigided projections each than exhibitant liably the same heighth in projection.

[9081] In accordance with the present embodiment, the spent cleaning figuld is guided by the indiged projections 87 to be repictly drained off to the outside of the system in the same manner as the first embodiment, and therefore transproads a rotary brush 83 having more excellent cleaning efficiency. Next, the seventh embodiment of the present invention will be described in connection with Figures 8 and 8. Figure 8 is a plan view of a cleaning rotary brush in accordance with the seventh embodiment, and Figure 8 is an enlarged view of the sessential profetor in Figure 8.

[0082] As shewn in Figure 8, the brush body 93 of a rotary brush 91 in accordance with the present embodiment is provided with twelve curved (curvilinear) phantom setting lines 95 protruding in one direction instead of the streight phantom setting large 75 of the fifty embodiment.

[9083] The inner reference points 95s of the phartom setting lines 95 are located at regular intervals on the circumtairence around the center of ortation 95. The inner reference points 95s are set further invertil from the siner circle 35 of the two concentric circles 35, 41 and adjacent to the innermost edge 17s of the working surface 17. The other refertions points 95s are set further outward from the outer circle 41 of the two concentric circles 36, 41 and adjacent to the outermost edge 47b of the working surface 17.

[9084] The longitudinal length L10 of the ridged projections 97 along the phantom setting line 95 is formed longer than length D10 in a widthwise direction along a direction normal to the phantom setting line 95, and the ridged projections 97 each five substantially the same projection halofs.

46 [0068] As shown in Figure 9, a langest 101 to the phenton setting line 85 at the indpoint 95% which bisects the singth along the phenton setting line 95 between the inner and outer reference points 96% and 95% (the kinglitudinal length 1.10 of the indiged projection 97) is at a start with respect to a line 100 which passes through the center of rotation 35 and midpoint 955. The crossing angle 63 between the line 103 and tangent 101 in a range of 01 to 45° is satisfactory, and in the prosesser amountment it is seal at 20.

60 [0086] Incidentally, the crossing angle between a line passing through the center of rotation 55 and an artilizery point in the phracium selting line 95 and a tangent 95 to the phracion setting line 95 at the arbitrary point varies approaching 90° as the arbitrary point gone away from the senter of rotation 35. The crossing single preferably valles in a range of 0° to 45°, and in the present embodiment the crossing single 94 at the inner reference point (5th is sed at 10°), the crossing angle 95 at the indipont is 20° as mentioned above, and the crossing angle 95 at the outer-reference point.

80 555 is 30° Additionally, all the pharmon setting lines 95 are equally at a stanting charact in a direction of the rotation of the base 3 and pharmon setting lines 95 are equally at a stanting charact in a direction of the base 3 and pharmon.

[9087] In acceptance with the present embodiment, the spent clearing faquid is guided by the ridged projections of to be rapidly drained of its the outside of the system in the same manner as the first am bodiment, and therefore it cam provide a rariary brush 15 thomage more excellent cleaning efficiency. Next, the samples A. B. C. and 0 respectively of the brushas 1, 71, 81, 01 relating to the first, 6th, sodh, and several embodiments were prepared together with a comparison sampler C of a rolary brush 111 as shown in Figure 10, for which samples the cleaning tests were carried out, and the received before its connection with lable 1.

W. . . . .

		(657)46; ;		
Sample	Shape of Phenfors Setting Unre	Shape of Projection	Number of Projection	Time Needed for Clean ing
۸	Straight Stent Angle of Phontom Sel- ting Line, 0:	Ridged	12	8.8
8	Straight Start Angle of Phantom Set- ting Line at Middle Point 30"	Ridged	12	0.6
C	Straight Siant Angle of Phantom Set- ting Line at Middle Point, 45°	Ridged	10	0.7
D	Curvilinear Slant Angle of Tangent to Phantom Setting Une: 10-30*	Ridged	12	8.4
E		Cylindrical	65	1.0

[0068] The brush bodies 5, 73, 83, 93, and 113 of Samples A ~ D and comparison sample E were made of PVAt porcus elestioner having a potenty of about 90% and an average pore diameter of about 150-m. and the unsaide diameter of about 150-m. Enthermore, the outside diameter of about 150-m. Furthermore, the outside diameter of the working surface 17 was formed slightly smaller than the outside diameter of the sheet 23.

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(1088) Of the indged projections 27, 77, 87, and 97 of the samples A ~ D, the lengths of 01, 03, 09, and 010 in a waithwise direction were set at 10mm, the longitudinal length 11, 18, 19, 10 at 23mm, and the height different. The projections 115 of the companison sample E were cylindrical with the diameter of 10 mm, the height of 6 mm, and a total of 60 projections, and they were positioned in nearly constant density on the sheets 23.

[9890] The space occupation factors of the area of the ridged projections 27, 77, 87, and 97 and projections 115 of the samples A -- D and comparison sample E with respect to the sheet 23 were all about 40%.

[9031] The pleaning tests for each of the samples A — E were carried out by cleaning the surface of an aluminum disk for a diskette. The detailed test conditions are as follows:

[8892] The atunitoum disk to be used was underwork first princing with free gift, and was roughly weeked by treams of a fixe of weeker. A cleaning figuid week pure water having particle controlled. There were wear ejection below, not shown in the drawings, provided adjacent to the center of relation of the respective rotary brushes 1, 21, 81, and 91, from which water rejection holdes a cleaning spuid was fed onto the aluminum disk. The rate of rotation of the total part of the respective region of the respective representation of the respective region of the respective representation of the cleaning tests was performed by measuring the cleaning test was performed by measuring the cleaning test was performed by measuring the cleaning time representation of the cleaning time for the respective samples A - D where the cleaning time for the respective samples A - D where the cleaning time for the respective properties are the respective to the respective properties are the respective to the respective properties are the respective properties ar

[1993] The results showed that in any case of the samples A to Elizand, the oleaning sine needed was shorter than to that mose of the sample E with the good cleaning efficiency. Additionally, in any of the samples A to Elizand, these was no settle hinded on the samples A to Elizand.

[8094] Incidentally, although the rotary brushes 1, 47, 55, 65, 71, 81, and 91 were constructed with the base 3 and brush rundes 5, 49, 57, 67, 73, 63, and 93, the rotary brushes may be constructed with the brush hodies 5, 49, 57, 57, 73, 63, and 93 only, in the base of the base 3 onlitted, the sheet 23 may be attached on a rotatable working surface with 56 as adhesive, etc.

[8095] Moreover, a rotary brush may be constructed without a sheet 23. In this case the ridged projections 27, 61, 61, 63, 77, 67, and 97 may be disposed directly on the working surface 17 of the base 3 with an adhesive, sic.

[9086] Furthermore, the ridged projections 27, 51, 61, 63, 77, 67, and 97 may be configured in rectangular shape.

in a plane view, a polygon such as generally a triangle, rectangular, in cross section in a widthwise direction with their corners being tounded, and penerally a trasezoidal cross section in a longitudinal direction.

### HIDUSTRIAL USABILITY

[9097] An described above, in accordance with the present invention, the spent cleaning fiqual containing dirt or contribus sembled from the object to be cleaned as guided by the integlage projections and is led adequately to under refer arence points and is regardly dminated fit to the outside of the system, and the resistence time of the dirt or particles can be remarked by the contribution of the system and the resistence time of the dirt or particles can be remarked by the contribution of the system.

(8) [8088] Accordingly, reconstantination on an object to be cleaned of the din or patholes in the cleaning spent liquid is surely prevented. Moreover, were it reading particular are lard material such as grif, the occurrence of scratch on the object to be cleaned could be more reliably prevented.

### Claims

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- 1. A cleaning ratery brush comprising a hard base having a roteting working surface opposite on object to be cleaned while incurrent to a rotery shaft, and a plurality of ideating members projecting from the working surfaces, the tops of said obtaining members being in contract with said object to be cleaned white rotating is autystantially the same cleans, said obtaining rotates the trained in trast:
  - said clearing members are made of a polyviryl avetal porous elastorier and comprise a plurality of hidged projections positioned continually on a plurality of phantom setting lines extending from inner reference points on the side of the center of rotation of the working surface to outer reference points on the side of the outer perioners of the working surface.
- 25 the singth in a longitudinal direction of said ridged projections along said phantom setting lines is formed longer than the length in a widthwise direction of the ridged projections.
- A cleaning rotary brisish comprising a sheet member mounted on and rotating in unity with a rotating working sartice opposite an object to be cleaned and deterring members projecting from the sheet member, the top of salfcleaning members rotating in substantially the same place in contact with the object to be cleaned, the cleaning rotal to bush characterized in that:
  - said desiring members are made of a polythyd adetal porous elastioner and comprise a plurality of ndged proportions positioned contressity or a plurality of phantom setting interes extending term inner references pords on the side of the contex of rotation of the sheet member to outer reference points on the side of the outer periph-

ery of the sheet member, the length in a longitudinal direction of said ridged projections along said pharizon setting lines is formed longer than the length in a widilwise direction of the ridged projections.

- 46 3. A totary brush according to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that each pharatom setting lines are generally straight.
  - A rotary trush according to claim 3, characterized in that eald phentom setting lines are at a stent to a line passing through said center of rotation.
- 45 5. A ratery brush ecoording to claim 1 or 2, characterized in that said phentom setting lines are curvilinear
  - 6. A folary brish according to cleam 5, phasecentrated in thes said phasetons setting lines are a current fine portiousing in one direction, and a tamgent to the current line at a misponit which bisects the lineingh between said inner and dated reference points along said curved line is at a stant to a line passing through said derived cultidated and mid-
  - A clearing rotary brush according to claim 5 or 6, characterized in that said phantom setting lines are a curved line protructing in one direction, and
    - a crossing angle between a line passing through an arbitrary point in said curved fine and said nonter of rotation and said tangent to said curved line at said arbitrary point approaches SD', as the arbitrary point is away from said center of resisten

Figure 1

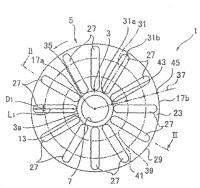
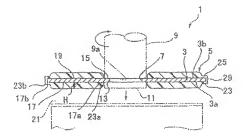
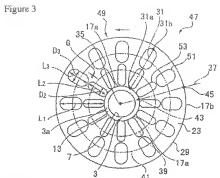


Figure 2







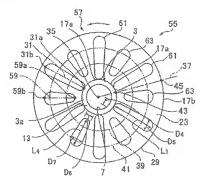


Figure 5

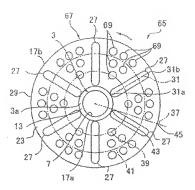


Figure 6

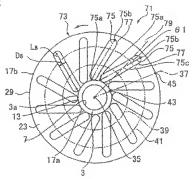


Figure 7

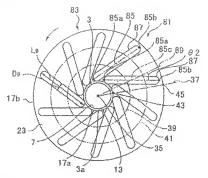


Figure 8

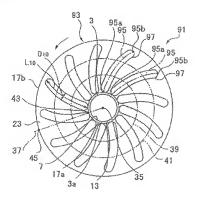


Figure 9

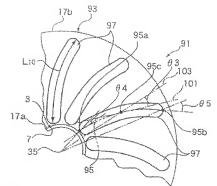
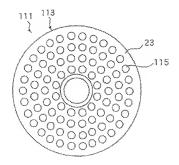


Figure 10



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Stiemational application No.
PCT/JP99/02725

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*	JP, 09-510388, A (Minnewota A Manafacturing Co.), 21 October, 1997 (21. 10. 97) Fage 11, Lines 3, 4 ; Fig. 7 & MO, 95/25651, Al		5~7	
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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Assertational application No. PCT/JP99/02725

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